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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/531,874	774 04/19/2005 Ryuji Ueno		Q87423	5640
23373 SUGHRUE MI	7590 07/09/200 ON, PLLC	EXAMINER		
	LVÁNIA AVENUE, N	POLANSKY, GREGG		
WASHINGTON	N, DC 20037	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1611	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			07/09/2008	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

SUGHRUE@SUGHRUE.COM

		Applica	tion No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary		10/531,	874	UENO, RYUJI		
		Examine	er	Art Unit		
		Gregg P	olansky	1611		
The Period for Rep	MAILING DATE of this commun	nication appears on ti	he cover sheet with t	he correspondence a	ddress	
A SHORTE WHICHEVI - Extensions o after SIX (6) - If NO period - Failure to rep Any reply rec	ENED STATUTORY PERIOD F ER IS LONGER, FROM THE M If time may be available under the provision MONTHS from the mailing date of this com for reply is specified above, the maximum s loty within the set or extended period for repl serived by the Office later than three months at term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DATE OF T s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no e munication. tatutory period will apply and y will, by statute, cause the ap	THIS COMMUNICAT event, however, may a reply will expire SIX (6) MONTHS oplication to become ABAND	TION. De timely filed from the mailing date of this ONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status						
2a)⊠ This 3)⊡ Since	oonsive to communication(s) fil action is FINAL . This application is in condition In accordance with the pract	2b)☐ This action is for allowance excep	ot for formal matters,	·	ie merits is	
Disposition of	Claims					
4a) O 5)		are withdrawn from conected.	onsideration.			
10)☐ The d Applic Repla	pecification is objected to by the lawing(s) filed on is/are cant may not request that any objectement drawing sheet(s) including the arthor declaration is objected the same of the	: a) ☐ accepted or bection to the drawing(s) g the correction is requ	be held in abeyance. ired if the drawing(s) is	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s objected to. See 37 C		
Priority under	35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
2) Notice of Dr 3) Information	eferences Cited (PTO-892) aftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) /Mail Date <u>4/07/2008</u> .	PTO-948)	4) Interview Sumr Paper No(s)/Ma 5) Notice of Inform 6) Other:			

Art Unit: 1614

DETAILED ACTION

DETAILED ACTION

Status of Claims

- 1. Applicant's response, filed 4/07/2008, to the Office Action mailed 12/07/2007 is acknowledged. Applicant canceled Claims 2, 14, and 15, amended Claims 1 and 3-11, added Claims 16 and 17, and presented arguments in response to the Office Action.
- 2. Applicants' Information Disclosure Statement, filed 4/07/2008, is acknowledged and has been reviewed.
- 3. Claims 1, 3-13, 16 and 17 are pending.
- 4. Applicant argues Claim 10, previously withdrawn by Examiner for not reading on the elected species, should be included in the claims under examination. Applicant's argument is persuasive.
- 5. Claims 1, 3-13, 16 and 17 are presently under consideration.
- 6. Applicant's arguments have been fully considered and are persuasive in part. Rejections and/or objections not reiterated from previous office actions are hereby withdrawn. The following rejections and/or objections are either reiterated or newly applied. They constitute the complete set presently being applied to the instant application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

7. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Art Unit: 1614

8. Claims 1, 3-13, 16 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claims contain subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor, at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

Claim 1 recites the proviso that "Z is C=O and/or Ra is a saturated or unsaturated lower or medium aliphatic hydrocarbon residue which has a halogen substituent". The Specification does not disclose representative examples of compounds defined by the requirement of Z is C=O linked with:

- a. Ra is a saturated lower aliphatic hydrocarbon,
- b. Ra is a saturated medium aliphatic hydrocarbon,
- c. Ra is an unsaturated lower aliphatic hydrocarbon, and
- d. Ra is an unsaturated medium aliphatic hydrocarbon.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- 9. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 10. Claims 1, 3-13, 16 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Ueno et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,234,954).

Ueno et al. teach a method for the treatment of hyperlipidemia comprising administration of a 15-keto-prostaglandin compound, including a 13,14-dihydro-15-deto-16,16-difluoro-prostaglandin E compound. See Abstract; column 15, "FORMULATION"

Art Unit: 1614

EXAMPLE 2"; column 20, claim 6; and column 22, claim 10. Ueno et al. teach the disclosed PGE compounds decrease blood levels of triglyceride, cholesterol or phospholipid (irrespective of cause, e.g., disease, drug or food) by promoting release into the intestine or release with feces. Further, Ueno et al. teach the method useful for reducing blood lipids in obese individuals. See column 15, lines 27-45.

Page 4

Treating hyperlipidemia in obese individuals would inherently treat obesity. It is noted that In re Best (195 USPQ 430) and In re Fitzgerald (205 USPQ 594) discuss the support of rejections wherein the prior art discloses subject matter, which there is reason to believe inherently includes functions that are newly cited, or is identical to a product instantly claimed. In such a situation the burden is shifted to the applicants to "prove that subject matter to be shown in the prior art does not possess the characteristic relied on" (205 USPQ 594, second column, first full paragraph). There is no requirement that a person of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized the inherent disclosure at the time of invention, but only that the subject matter is in fact inherent in the prior art reference. Schering Corp. v. Geneva Pharm. Inc., 339 F.3d 1373, 1377, 67 USPQ2d 1664, 1668 (Fed. Cir. 2003); see also Toro Co. v. Deere & Co., 355 F.3d 1313, 1320, 69 USPQ2d 1584, 1590 (Fed. Cir. 2004) ("[T]he fact that a characteristic is a necessary feature or result of a prior-art embodiment (that is itself sufficiently described and enabled) is enough for inherent anticipation, even if that fact was unknown at the time of the prior invention"). Also see SmithKline Beecham Corp. v. Apotex Corp., 403 F.3d 1331, 1343-44, 74 USPQ2d 1398, 1406-07 (Fed. Cir. 2005) (holding that a prior art patent to an anhydrous form of a compound "inherently"

Art Unit: 1614

anticipated the claimed hemihydrate form of the compound because practicing the process in the prior art to manufacture the anhydrous compound "inherently results in at least trace amounts of" the claimed hemihydrate even if the prior art did not discuss or recognize the hemihydrate).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 11. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 12. Claims 1, 3-13, 16 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ueno et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,234,954), as evidenced by Dietz (Pediatrics, Vol. 101, Issue 3 (Supplement), pages 518-525).

The teachings of Ueno et al. are presented *supra*.

Hyperlipidemia is common in obese individuals. See Dietz, page 518 "Abstract" and page 521, "Hyperlipidemia". It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to utilize the teachings of Ueno et al. to treat a common symptom of obesity, hyperlipidemia, by the administration of a 15-keto-prostaglandin compound, including a 13,14-dihydro-15-deto-16,16-difluoro-prostaglandin E compound (*supra*). One would have been motivated to do so by the teaching of Ueno et al. (i.e., 15-keto-prostaglandin compounds are useful for reducing

Art Unit: 1614

blood lipids in obese individuals) with further motivation provided by Dietz (i.e., hyperlipidemia association with obesity).

A reference is good not only for what it teaches by direct anticipation but also for what one of ordinary skill in the art might reasonably infer from the teachings. (*In re Opprecht* 12 USPQ 2d 1235, 1236 (Fed Cir. 1989); *In re Bode* 193 USPQ 12 (CCPA) 1976). In light of the forgoing discussion, the Examiner concludes that the subject matter defined by the instant claims would have been obvious within the meaning of 35 USC 103(a). From the teachings of the references, it is apparent that one of ordinary skill in the art would have had a reasonable expectation of success in producing the claimed invention. Therefore, the invention as a whole is *prima facie* obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, as evidenced by the references, especially in the absence of evidence to the contrary.

Conclusion

- 13. Claims 1, 3-13, 16 and 17 are rejected.
- 14. No claims are allowed.
- 15. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within

Art Unit: 1614

TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

16. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Gregg Polansky whose telephone number is (571)272-9070. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thur 9:30 A.M. - 7:00 P.M. EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Woodward can be reached on (571) 272-8373. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 1614

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Gregg Polansky/ Examiner, Art Unit 1611

/Ardin Marschel/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1614